CLAIMS

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1	1.	A method con	nnrising
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- 2 passing an electrical current through a thermistor to raise its
- 3 temperature above the temperature of oil flowing in pulses past the
- 4 thermistor,
- 5 measuring a change in temperature of the thermistor
- 6 occurring with respect to one or more of the pulses,
- 7 determining a level of oil flow corresponding to the
- 8 measured change in temperature, and
- 9 issuing a signal based on the determined flow level.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 in which measuring the change in
- 2 temperature comprises measuring a change in voltage across the
- 3 thermistor over a period of time.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2 in which the period of time
- 2 corresponds to different portions of at least one of the pulses.
- 1 4. The method of claim 2 in which the period of time begins
- 2 at the start of one of the pulses and ends no later than the start of
- 3 the next one of the pulses.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1 in which the thermistor is housed in
- 2 a package having an area that yields an oil flow of 10 to 20 inches
- 3 per second.

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- 1 6. The method of claim 5 in which the area is in the range of
- 2 0.0005 to 0.002 square inches exposed to the flowing oil.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1 in which the oil is flowing in a 2-
- 2 cycle marine engine.
- 1 8. The method of claim 7 in which a signal indicative of the
- 2 timing of the pulses is received from an electronic control module
- 3 of the engine.
- 1 9. The method of claim 7 in which the signal based on the
- 2 determined flow level is sent to an electronic control module of the
- 3 engine.
- 1 10. The method of claim 1 in which the rate of pulses is as high
- 2 as 5Hz.
- 1 11. The method of claim 1 in which the rate of pulses is as low
- 2 as one pulse per day.
- 1 12. Apparatus comprising
- 2 a coupling having (a) two open ends adapted for connection
- 3 to upstream and downstream tubes of a pulsating oil circulation
- 4 system of an engine and (b) a channel configured to direct the oil
- 5 to flow past a thermistor connected to a sensing circuit,
- 6 the sensing circuit comprising elements connected to
- 7 determine a change in a voltage across the thermistor and to
- 8 compare the change to a threshold.

- 1 13. The apparatus of claim 12 in which the sensing circuit
- 2 includes a sample-and-hold circuit connected to store a voltage
- 3 across the thermistor.
- 1 14. The apparatus of claim 12 in which the sensing circuit
- 2 includes a delay circuit connected to provide timing signals for the
- 3 period over which the change in voltage is determined.
- 1 15. The apparatus of claim 12 in which the sensing circuit
- 2 comprises a microcontroller that includes an analog-to-digital
- 3 converter.
- 1 16. The apparatus of claim 12 also including ports connected to
- 2 carry timing and flow-state signals between the sensing circuit and
- a control circuit of the engine.
- 1 17. A marine engine comprising
- 2 moving parts arranged to be lubricated by oil delivered
- 3 through a supply line from a supply of oil,
- a pump configured to pump oil from the supply to the
- 5 moving parts in pulses controlled by a controller, and
- a sensor connected to receive pulses of the oil and to detect
- 7 the oil flow state of the engine using a temperature sensitive
- 8 electronic element and a circuit that analyzes an electrical
- 9 parameter of the temperature sensitive element at times based on
- the pulses of the oil.
- 1 18. The engine of claim 16 in which the temperature sensitive
- 2 electronic element comprises a thermistor.

- 1 19. The engine of claim 16 in which the circuit includes an
- 2 electrical interface to a controller that controls the timing of the
- 3 pulses.
- 1 20. A method comprising
- 2 passing an electrical current through a thermo-electric
- 3 sensor to raise its temperature above the temperature of a non-
- 4 conductive or high resistance fluid flowing in pulses past the
- 5 sensor,
- 6 measuring a change in temperature of the thermo-electric
- 7 sensor occurring with respect to one or more of the pulses,
- 8 determining a level of fluid flow corresponding to the
- 9 measured change in temperature, and
- issuing a signal based on the determined flow level.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20 in which the thermo-electric sensor
- 2 comprises a thermistor.

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